

Sand and/or Gravel

Section 1: Identification

Product: Sand and/or Gravel

Synonyms: 5/8" Washed Stone, ¾" Washed Stone, 1½" Washed Stone, Birdseye Gravel, Pea Gravel, 1" Recycled

Base, 3" Recycled Base, Fill Sand, Concrete Sand, Mason Sand, Bunker Sand

Product Use: Formulated for use in various applications in the construction industry.

Manufacture: Advanced Concrete Inc.

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Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

GHS Label Elements:

Symbol(s)

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Signal Word Warning!

Hazard Harmful if inhaled.

Statements Harmful if swallowed.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (lungs).

Precautionary Prevention

Statements Do not breathe dust.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Response

If inhaled: Remove to fresh air, seek medical attention if breathing becomes difficult or other symptoms do not subside.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious, drink plenty or water. Immediately call a poison center or physician.

If on skin: Wash skin with cool water and a pH-neutral soap. Seek medical attention if irritation or inflammation develops or persists.

In the eyes: Immediately flush eye thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, including under the lid. Remove contact lenses, if worn. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Disposal

Dispose in accordance with State, Federal and Local regulations.



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Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	Percent (By Weight)	CAS Number	OSHA PEL TWA (mg/m³)	ACGIH TLV TWA (mg/m³)
Crystalline Silica	>1	14808-60-7	[(10) / (%SiO2+2)] (R); [(30) / (%SiO2+2)] (T)	0.025 (R)
Sand and Gravel	>99	None	NA	NA

(T) - Total Particulate (R) - Respirable Particulate

General Product Information

Trace Elements: Ready Mix Concrete is made from materials mined from the earth. Trace amounts of naturally occurring elements might be detected during chemical analysis of these materials.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eyes Flush eyes thoroughly with water. Continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes, including under the lids, to remove all particles. Remove contact lens if wearing. Seek medical attention for abrasions.

Skin Wash skin with cool water and pH neutral soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Seek medical

attention if irritation or rash develops or persists.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a medical personnel. Rinse mouth. If conscious, give

plenty of water to drink and seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if coughing and other symptoms do not subside.

Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Eyes Eye contact to airborne dust may cause immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation. Eye exposures require immediate first aid and medical attention to prevent significant damage to the eye.

Skin Sand and gravel may cause dry skin, abrasions, discomfort and irritation.

Inhalation Breathing dust may cause nose, throat or lung irritation, including choking, depending on the degree of

(Acute) exposure

Inhalation Risk of injury depends on duration and level of exposure. This product contains crystalline silica.

(Chronic) Prolonged or repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica from this product can cause silicosis, a

serious disabling and fatal lung disease.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

General Fire Hazards See Section 9 for Flammability Properties

Non-Combustible

Hazardous Combustion

Products

None

Extinguishing Media Use appropriate extinguishing media for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

None



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Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Avoid breathing dust. Wet concrete is caustic.

Firefighters should wear full protective gear.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

General Place spilled material into a container. Avoid contact with the skin. Wear appropriate protective

equipment as described in Section 8. Scrape wet concrete and place in container. Allow material to dry or solidify before disposal. Do not wash concrete down sewage and drainage systems or into bodies of

water (e.g. streams).

Waste Disposal

Method

Dispose of concrete according to State, Federal and Local regulations.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

General Engulfment hazard. To prevent burial or suffocation, do not enter a confined space, such as a silo, bin,

bulk truck, or other storage container or vessel that stores or contain sand or gravel. Sand or gravel can build-up or adhere to the walls of a confined space. The sand or gravel can release, collapse or fall

unexpectedly.

Storage Keep out of the reach of children. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning of the storage area.

Usage Cutting, crushing or grinding hardened concrete, cement or other crystalline silica bearing materials will

release respirable crystalline silica. Use all appropriate measures of dust control or suppression, and

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) described in Section 8.

Housekeeping Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne during clean-up such as dry sweeping or using

compressed air. Use HEPA vacuum or thoroughly wet with water to clean-up dust. Use PPE described in

Section 8.

Clothing Promptly remove and launder clothing that is wet with concrete. Thoroughly wash skin after exposure to

wet concrete.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation or other suppression method to maintain dust levels

below exposure limits.

Respiratory

Under ordinary conditions no respirator protection is required. A NIOSH approved respirator that is

Protection properly fitted and is in good working condition is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when

exposed to dust above exposure limits.

Eye Protection Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles when handling wet concrete to

prevent contact with eyes. Wearing contact lenses when using concrete is not recommended.

Skin Protection Wear gloves, boots and protective clothing (long sleeve shirt and pants) impervious to water to prevent

skin contact. Do not rely on barrier creams, in place of impervious gloves. Remove clothing and protective

equipment that becomes saturated with wet concrete and immediately wash exposed areas.

Hygienic

Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands before eating or

Practices

smoking.



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Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Granular solid Evaporation Rate: NA

Appearance: Multicolor particles pH (In Water) Neutral

Odor: None Boiling Point: NA

Vapor Pressure NA Viscosity: NA, Solid

Vapor Density: NA Solubility in Water: Insoluable

Specific Gravity: 2.55-2.80 Flash Point: NA

Ignition: Non-Flammable

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability Stable.

Incompatibility Sand and gravel dissolve in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas. Silicates react

with powerful oxidizers such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and

oxygen difluoride.

Hazardous Polymerization None
Hazardous Decomposition None

Conditions to Avoid Avoid Contact with incompatible materials.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin contact, skin absorption, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.

Carcinogenicity

General Product May cause cancer.

Information (Chronic) Crystalline Silica: Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the

normal use of this product. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease and/or lung cancer. IARC states that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to

humans (Group 1).

Standard animal toxicity data like LD50, LC50 are not available. Animal tests and

epidemiologic studies of workers indicate an increased risk of lung cancer from exposure to

respirable crystalline silica. The effect was more pronounces in those with silicosis.

Component Carcinogenicity

Crystalline Silica, ACGIH: Suspected Human Carcinogen

Quartz NIOSH: Potential Occupational Carcinogen

NTP: Known Human Carcinogen

IARC: Monograph 100C [2012] Crystalline silica in the form of quartz Or cristobalite is

carcinogenic to humans (Group 1)



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Chronic Health Effect Respirable crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is

listed by the IARC and NTP as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of

dust exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.

Reproductive Toxicity This product is not reported to have any reproductive toxicity effects.

Aspiration Respiratory Organ

Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological Information (Non-Mandatory)

Seek information from appropriate regulatory agencies.

Section 13: Disposal Consideration (Non-Mandatory)

Waste Disposal See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment

Instructions recommendations.

Disposal of Contaminated

Container or Packaging

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with State, Federal and Local regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information (Non-Mandatory)

Not regulated by the U.S. DOT.

Section 15: Regulatory Information (Non-Mandatory)

OSHA/MSHA Hazard Thi

Communication

This product is considered by OSHA/MSHA to be a hazardous chemical and should be included

in the employer's hazard communication program.

CERCLA/SUPERFUND This product is not listed as a CERCLA hazardous substance.

Section 16: Other Information

Abbreviations

PPE	Personal Protective Equipment	NA	Not Applicable
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation	NTP	National Toxicology Program
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Identification System	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration	Ph	Negative log of hydrogen ions
TLV	Threshold Limit Value		



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HMIS: Health-1, Flammability-0, Reactivity-0

HMIS Definitions: 0-Minimal, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Extreme

Protective Equipment: Safety glasses, gloves, impervious clothing, and boots (respirator if cutting/sawing hardened

concrete)

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